

# The Future of the Electric Car

Dr. Ray Ridley

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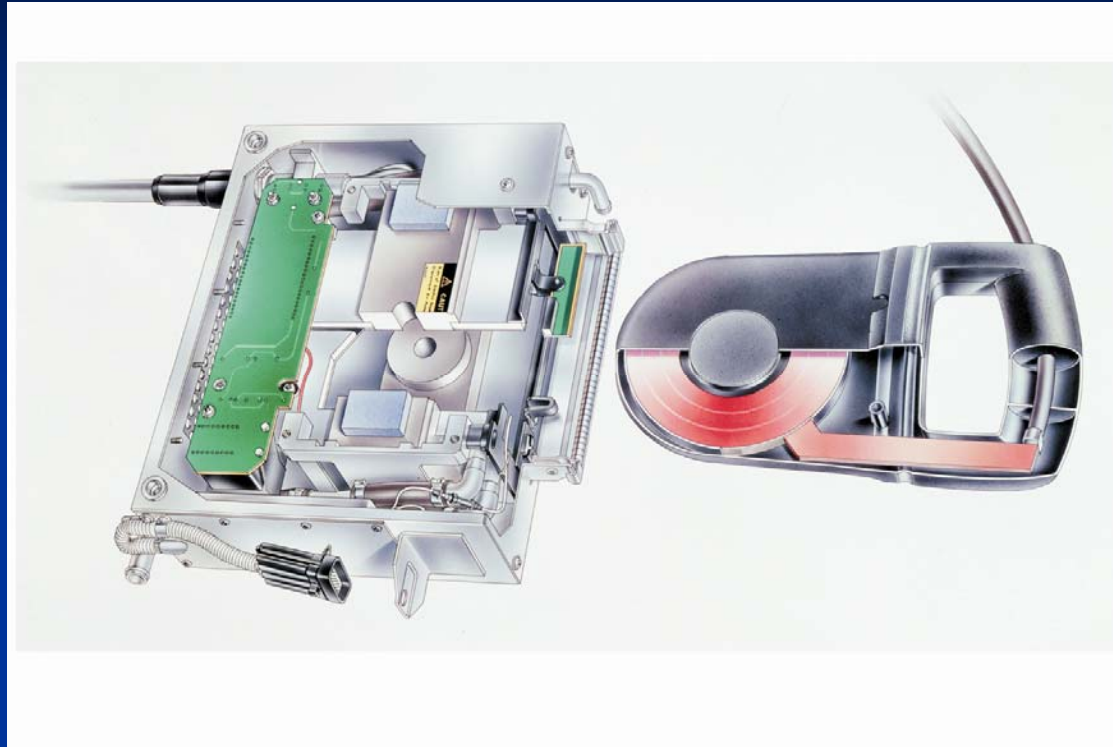
Publisher, Switching Power Magazine

# GM's EV1 1998-2004



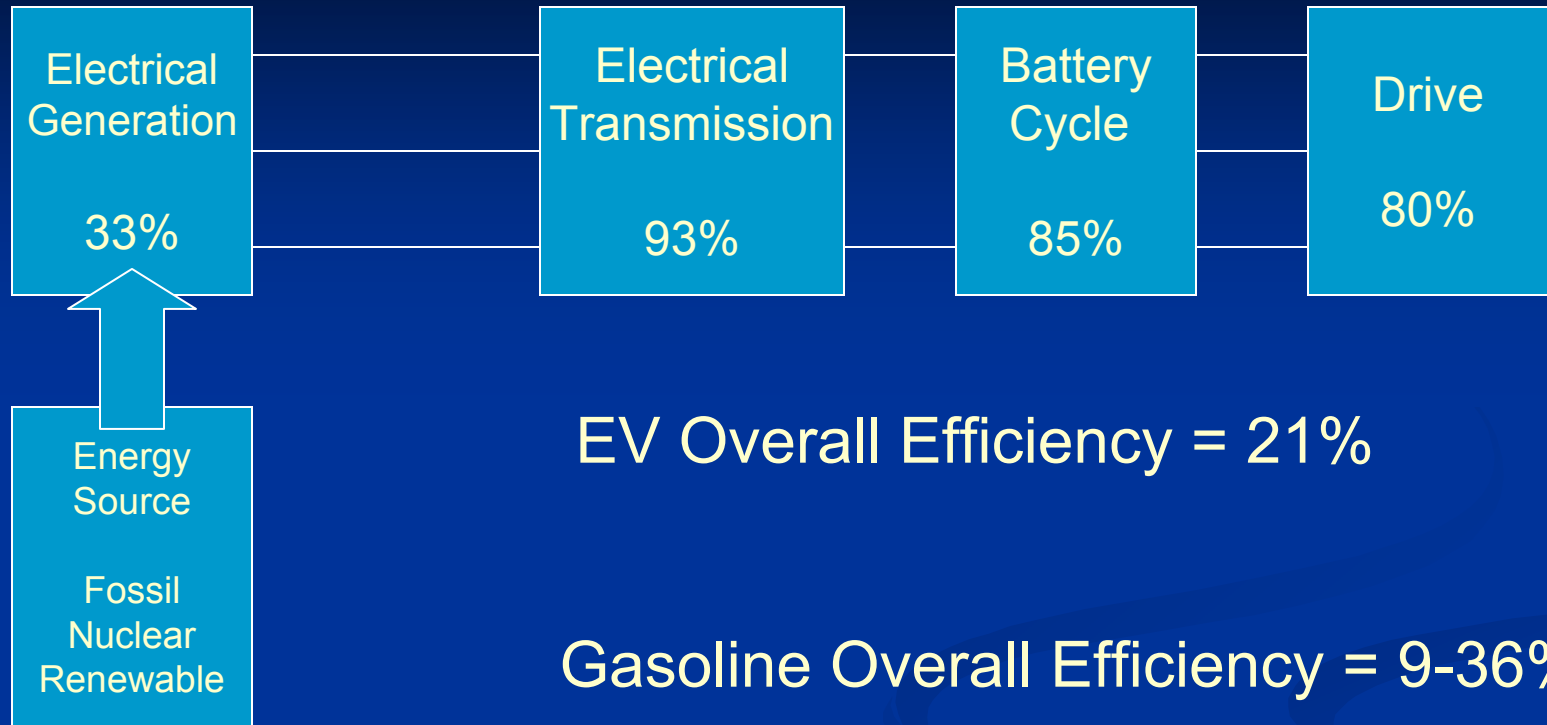
- Collaboration between Hughes and GM
- 50 to 100 mile range – great fun to drive. All owners loved it
- IGBT power system
- Contactless charger
- \$1.3bn program to build 1000 in response to CA clean air mandate
- Fixed-term leases

# EV1 Charging System

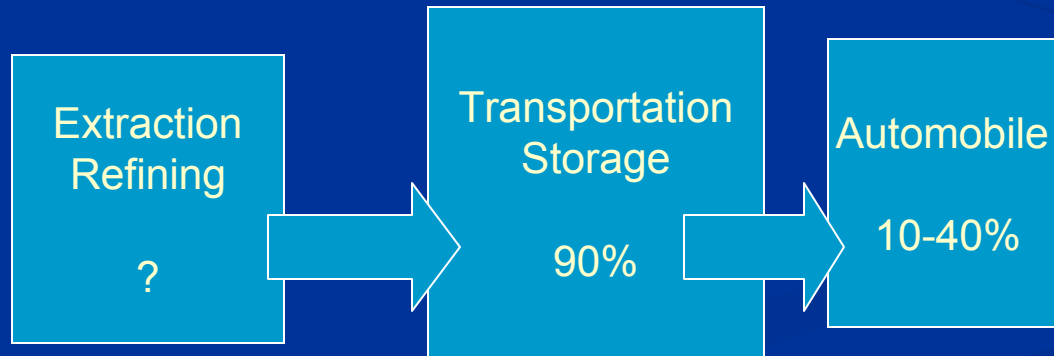


- Split transformer design
- All about marketing safety image
- Amazing power electronics achievement
- The wrong way to do it – far too complex and costly
- Charging stations were difficult to maintain and unreliable

# Electric Vehicle Efficiency

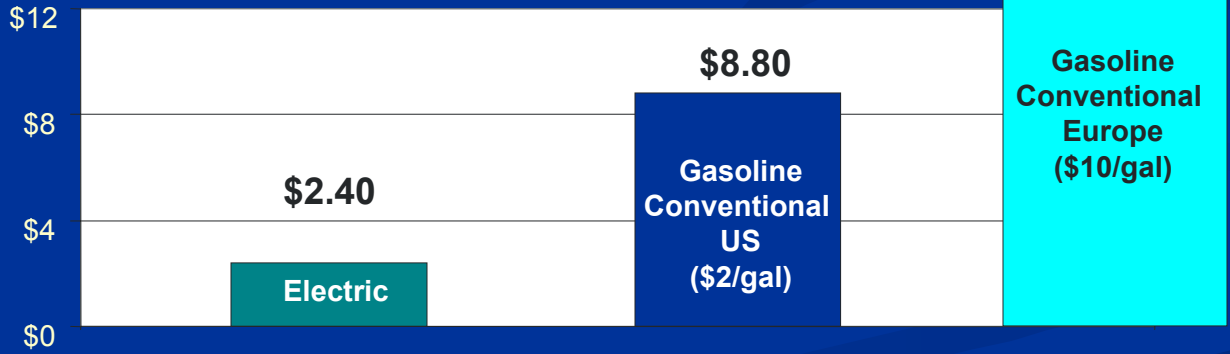


Gasoline Overall Efficiency = 9-36%



# Cost of Fuel

(\$ per 100 miles)



# What killed the EV1 program?

- Removal of government mandates in 2001
- Poor driving range
- Long charging times
- Infrastructure of chargers
- Lack of funding with no profits in sight for GM
- Modern business mentality
- Low gas prices
- Fuel usage efficiency

# The EV1 Funeral



■ December 2004

# EV1 Contemporaries



Toyota RAV4 EV  
out of production



Chevy S10 EV  
out of production



Honda EV Plus  
out of production



GM EV1  
out of production



Ford Ranger EV  
out of production



Chrysler EPIC EV  
out of production

- Were these programs an engineering failure?
- No, they were the first step toward miniaturized power electronics and cost-reduced electric propulsion, essential for hybrids and the next generation of electric vehicles
- They were a business failure in the modern context

# EV1 Suitability

- Short distance driving
  - Commuting to work <50 miles, which enables 75% of US driving needs
  - This is what most of us need!
- 
- This viewpoint is counter to popular marketing today . . .



We need Hummers!



# The “Green” Hummer



- Hydrogen powered
- About 50 miles per tank
- No refueling infrastructure exists
- Note: no fuel transfer is taking place in picture

# The Hydrogen Economy



- Beyond the Hummer, does it make sense?
- Note: no refueling is taking place here, either.

# Refueling Reality



© BMW AG approved for press purpose

## Robotic Fueling Arm



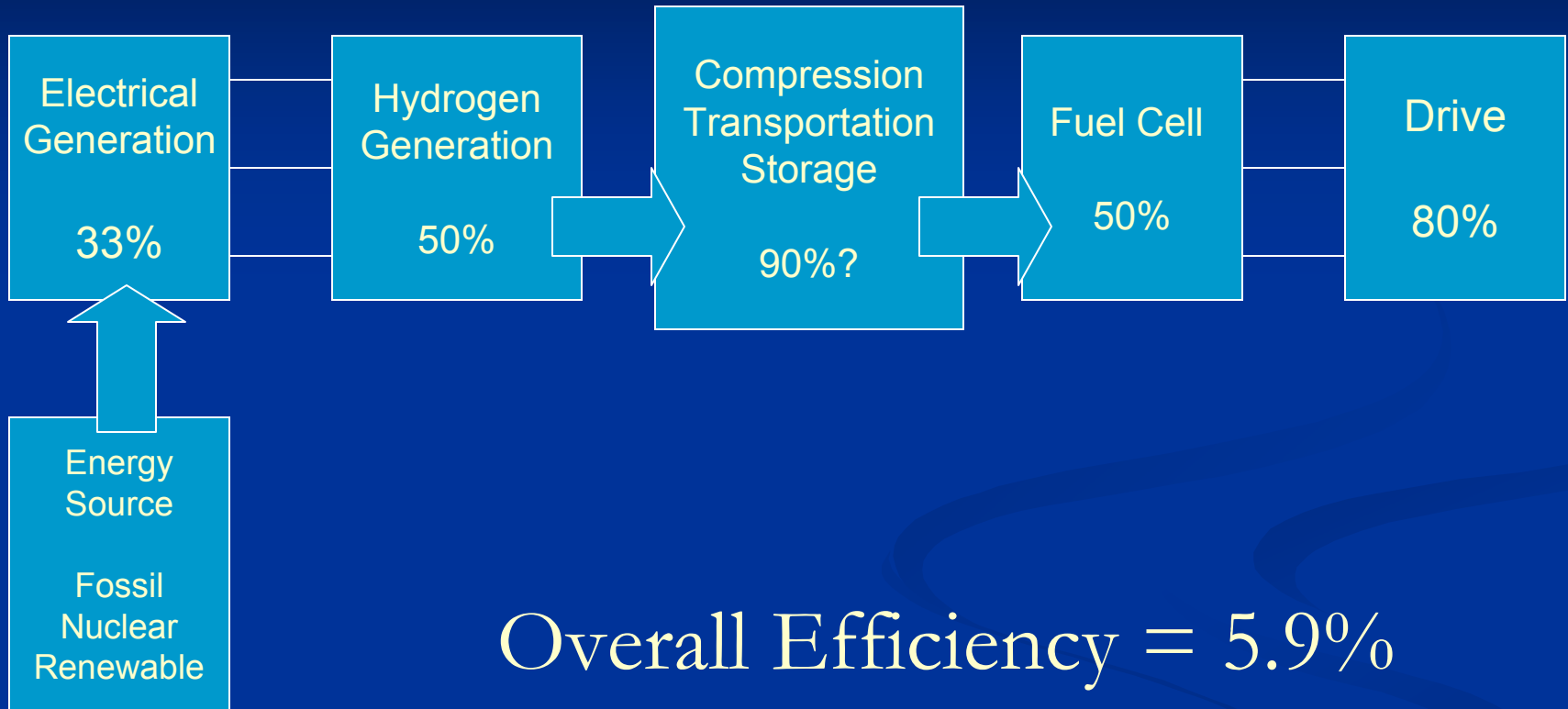
© BMW AG approved for press purpose

**No one allowed in fueling enclosure without:**

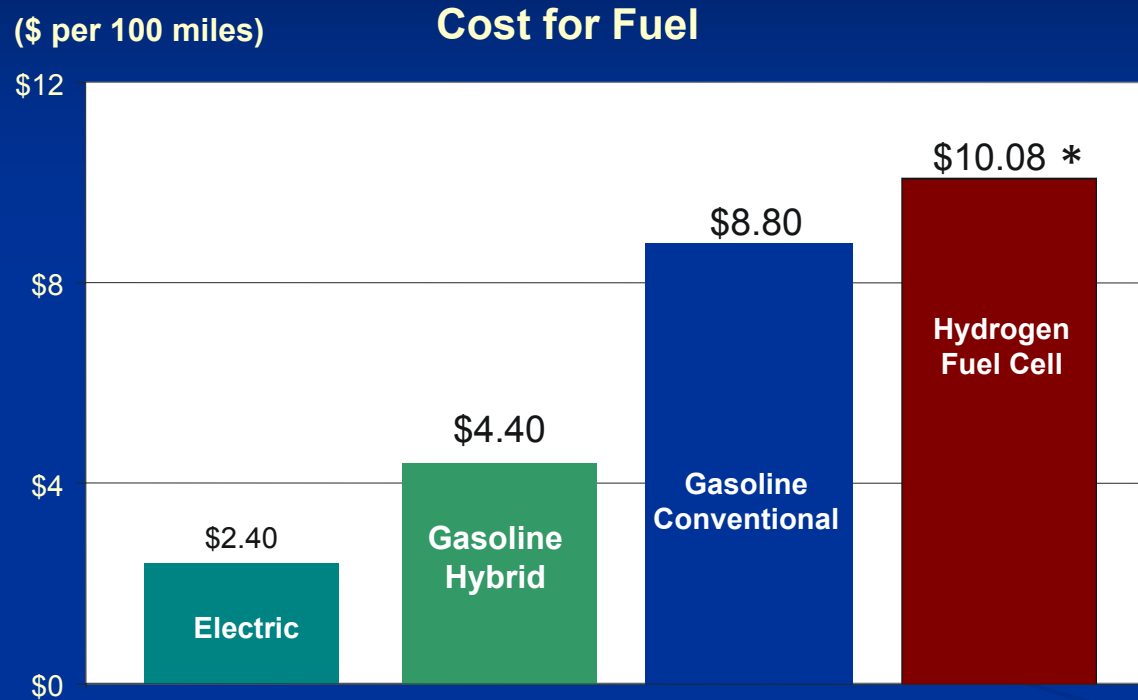
- Lab Coat**
- Nomex Overalls**
- Gloves**
- Eye Protection**

**Shutoff required 25 feet from nozzle**

# Hydrogen Efficiency

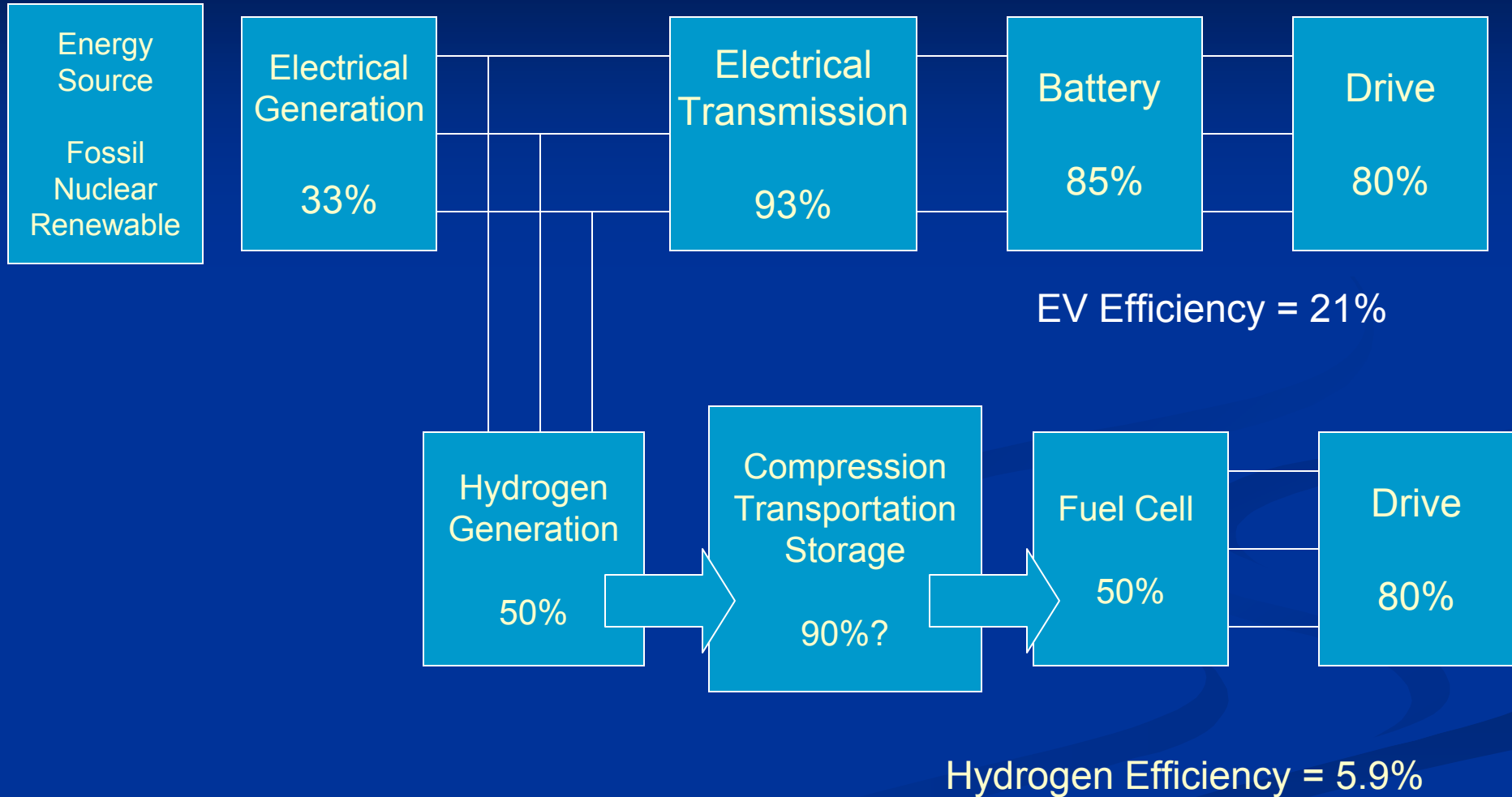


# Hydrogen Costs




\* Does not include Transportation and Infrastructure cost of Hydrogen


# Hydrogen vs. Electric Efficiency



# Real World Numbers

**2003 Toyota RAV4 EV**  
**Electric Vehicle**



 **Possible Tax Incentives**

[Use your Gas Prices](#)      [Switch to Metric units](#)

Fuel Economy	
Fuel Type	Electricity
Energy Consumption(city) (kW-hrs/100 miles)	27
Energy Consumption(hwy) (kW-hrs/100 miles)	34
MPG (city)	125
MPG (highway)	100
<b>MPG (combined)</b>	<b>112</b>
<b>Annual Fuel Cost</b>	<b>\$362</b>

**Toyota RAV 4 EV**

EPA rating:  
30 kWh/100 miles

Energy use per mile:  
**0.30 kWh/mi**


## Honda FCX FCEV



EPA rating:  
50 mi/kg H<sub>2</sub>

Energy to make H<sub>2</sub>:  
63 kWh/kg (based on Stuart Energy electrolyzer)

Energy use per mile:  
**1.26 kWh/mi**

**2003 Honda FCX**



Miles per kilogram of hydrogen	51 city  48 hwy
Annual Fuel Cost:	<b>\$1515*</b>
EPA Air Pollution Score	<div style="text-align: right;">Best</div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">0      10</div>
Range	170 miles
Fuel	Hydrogen
Fuel Cell	Polymer Electrolyte Membrane
Motor	60 kW DC
Energy Storage Device	Ultracapacitor

\*Annual fuel cost is estimated assuming 15000 miles of travel per year (55% city and 45% highway) and a fuel cost of \$5.05 per kilogram of gaseous hydrogen.

# The Technical Challenges for Hydrogen

- Increase efficiency by 400% to match EV
- Extreme high volume production of hydrogen
- Where will the energy come from?
- Safe storage at 5-10,000 psi
- Safe fuel dispensing at 5-10,000 psi
- Fuel tank volume
- Reduce fuel cell cost by factor of 10
- Increase fuel cell efficiency
- Transportation and infrastructure
- Remember, hydrogen is not a natural fuel resource – it is an energy storage system

# The One Benefit of Hydrogen

- Rapid refueling – equivalent to 3 MW

# Hydrogen for Aviation



- The last time it was used, things didn't go well – was hydrogen the problem?

# The Cryoplane



- Liquid hydrogen is the only hope of getting enough fuel on board. Even then, fuel tank capacity must be 3.5 times bigger than gasoline tanks for the same energy storage.

# The Future Electric Vehicle

- New battery technology
- New car frames and materials
- New economics of world fuel supplies

# AC Propulsion's Li-Ion tZero



- 0 – 60 in 3.9 seconds
- Top speed 85 mph
- 300 mile range
- Cost of fuel \$4 - 6
- Charging infrastructure already in place (electrical grid)
- Designed by Alan Cocconi

# AC Propulsion's Li-Ion tZero



tZero vs Ferrari F355 1/8 mile



tZero vs Corvette



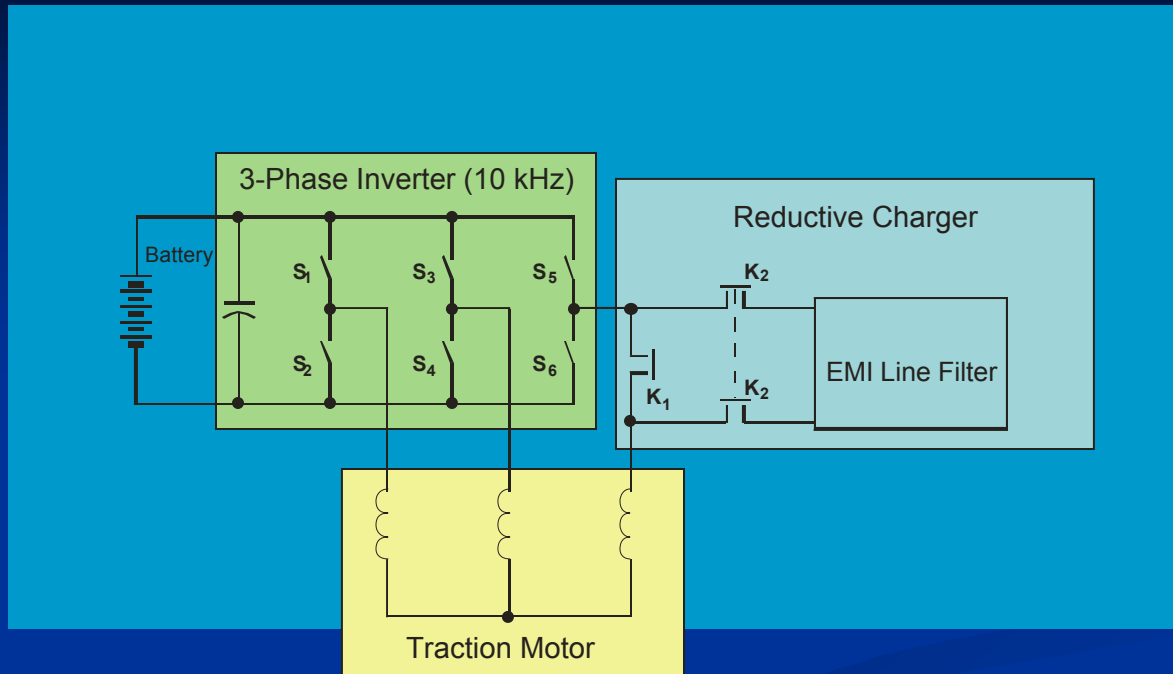
tZero vs Porche Carrera 4

# Li-Ion Batteries



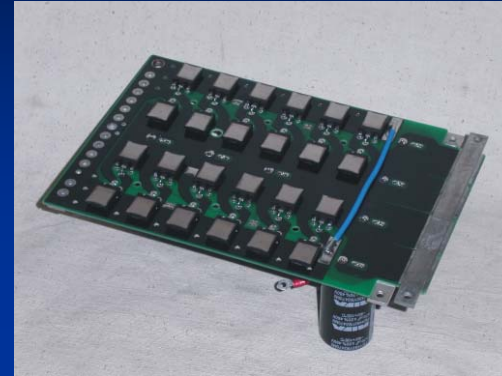
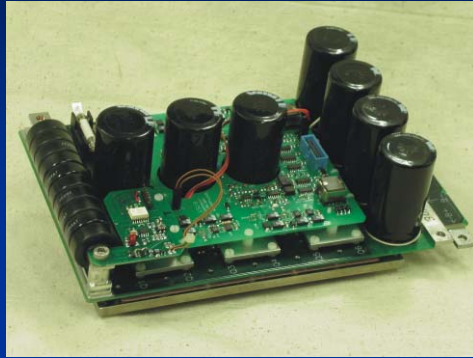
6,800 cells give 330-420 V at 500 A

# Power Electronics of the tZero



- 6-pulse bidirectional inverter/rectifier for unity PFC charging, motor drive, and regenerative braking
- Traction motor acts as boost inductor for 20 kW charging
- If you have an alternate energy source – windmill, solar, geothermal, biomass, etc. – fill up the car yourself!
- Car can run as emergency generator for home use or grid support

# Power Electronics of the tZero



Twelve TO-247 IGBTs are paralleled for each power switch



Complete power electronics package with cooling fan

# 200-hp Traction Motor



- Total weight = 50 lbs
- Efficiency = 90%

# Commercial Implementation



- Volvo 3CC concept car with AC Propulsion drive and Li-Ion batteries with a 180-mile range
- Car never made available to the public

# The Venturi Fetish



- Custom built for 25 customers
- 200 mile range with AC Propulsion Drive
- 105 mph top speed
- 0-60 mph in 4.5 seconds
- \$500,000 price tag (Half the price of the EV1!)

# The Narrow-Minded View



## Top Ten Auto Show Duds: What Were They Thinking?

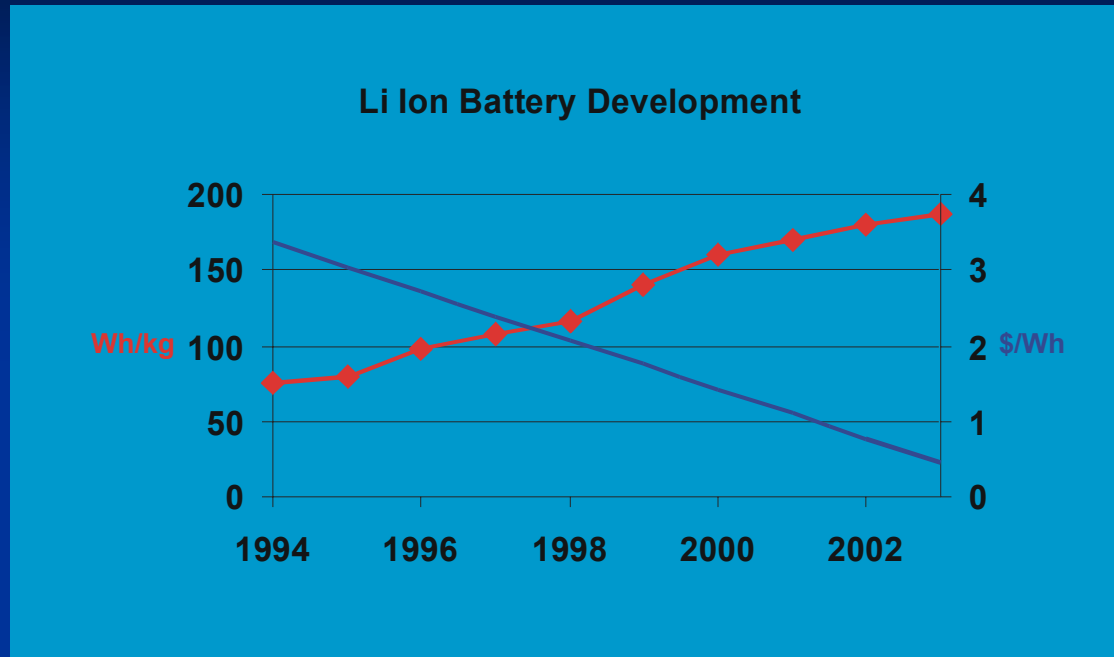
“If you like exorbitantly priced, two-seater vehicles that don't go very far or very fast and must subsequently remain out of commission for hours at a time, the Venturi Fetish just may be the perfect vehicle for you.”

-- Thom Blackett [autobytel.com](http://autobytel.com)

# Charging Rates

- Future EVs, estimate about 1 min/mile charge time at 10 kW
- 10 miles in 1 minute at 100 kW (100 miles in 10 minutes)
- 200 miles in 20 minutes at 100 kW
- Habits must change for this to succeed

# Li-Ion Battery Performance



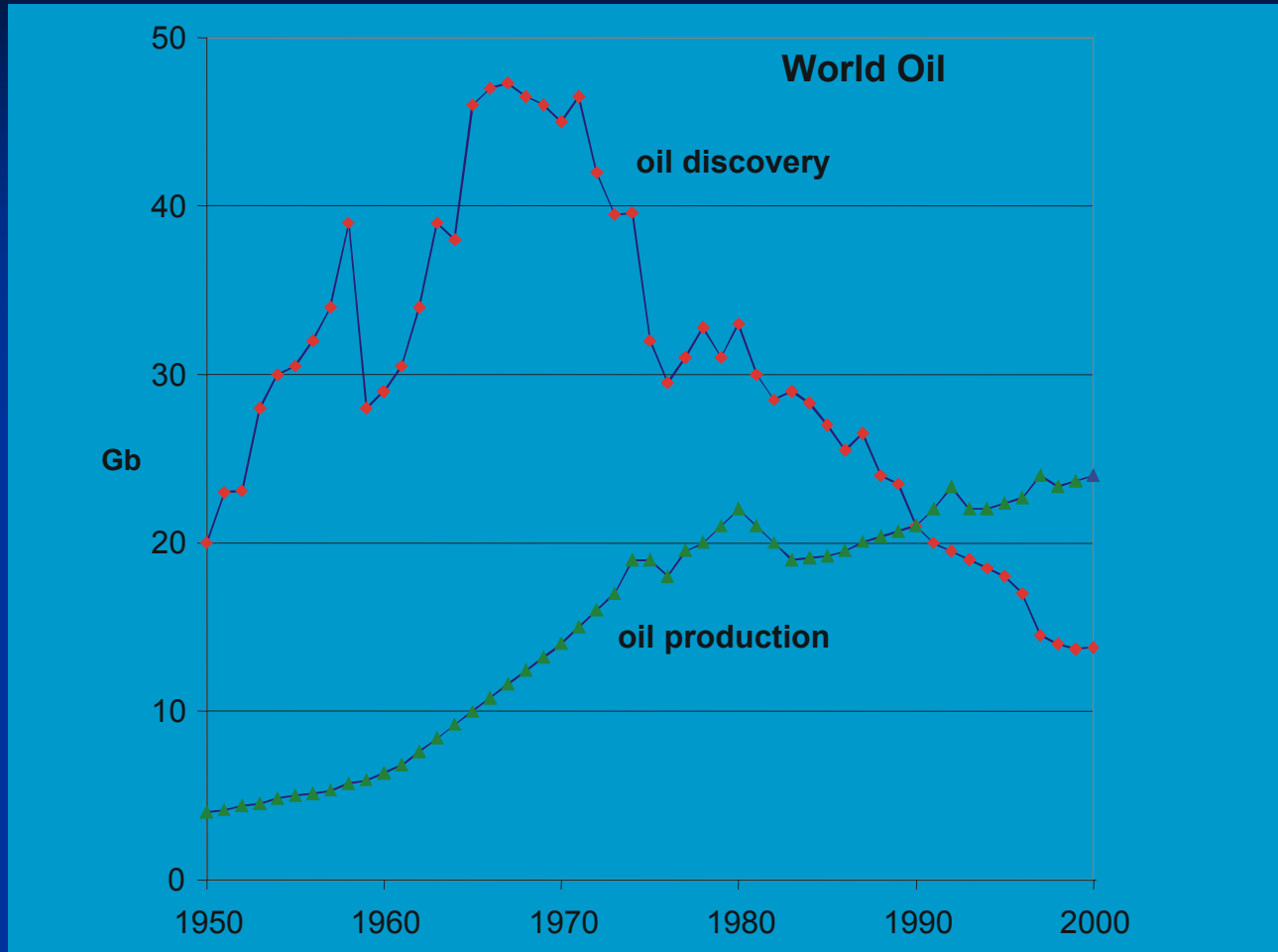
- Batteries for 200 mile range about \$18k
- Current fuel cell cost about \$1-2000 per kW (100 kW needed, tZero is 150 kW)

# What are the Priorities?

- Reduced dependence on oil
- Reduced cost of cars
- Increased short-term and long-term profits for carmakers
- Lower cost of driving
- Uncompromised performance – range, speed, fueling time.

**You cannot have it all!**

# The Oil WILL Run Out



...in our children's lifetime if nothing is done.  
New drilling will not make a significant difference.

# Hydrogen vs. Electric

Fuel Cells \$100k (100 hp)	Batteries \$18K (200 mi range)
5.9% Efficiency	21% Efficiency
Storage and Transportation	High Power Outlets
Fuel safety at 5-10 kpsi	Fire safety of Li-Ion
Fuel Tank Size >5x present	Battery Size
Hydrogen fueling stations	High power stations or fill at home
4 times pollution of EV	4 times lower fuel cost
Fast Refueling	Reversible system – battery backup, self-charge from alternate sources, support of electrical grid.
Government funding: \$1.2 bn	Government funding: \$0

# What must be done?

- Technological risks and challenges of hydrogen far exceed those of the EV
- Accelerated hybrid/electric development with emphasis on electric storage and pluggable cars
- Drastic reduction of fuel consumption
- Research into battery technology
- Increased charging capability
- Research into alternative energy
- Re-education of the public about what they want
- Normal market forces of supply and demand will not alter our marketplace in time; legislative intervention is necessary
- There is a HUGE opportunity here for the power electronics industry and the economy – will we take it?

# Government Involvement?

- Drastically reduce the hydrogen program – redirect the \$1.2 bn into electric/hybrid
- Provide incentive innovation – invest in it, reward its success and protect our IP
- Provide long-term incentives for car makers – break the “make the quarter” mentality

# Coming Soon to a Theatre Near You..

- Who Killed the Electric Car?
- A documentary about GM's EV1
- <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0489037/>